# NUMERICAL ANALYSIS <br> Assignment -3 (week 3) <br> Total Marks - 25 <br> Posted on - 7/8/2017 (Monday); <br> To be submitted on or before-16/8/2017 (Wednesday), 23.59 hours. 

Problems on

- Inverse interpolation
- Numerical Differentiation


## INSTRUCTIONS

- This is a question paper cum answer booklet.
- Take a print out of this.
- Present the details of the computations of the solution of each problem which you will have to show in the space provided at the bottom of the page.
- Fill in the answers in the space provided below each question.
- Scan the booklet and submit it as a pdf file before the deadline for evaluation.

1. Use the forward difference and backward difference formulas:
$f^{\prime}\left(x_{0}\right)=\frac{f\left(x_{0}+h\right)-f\left(x_{0}\right)}{h}-\frac{h}{2} f^{\prime \prime}\left(\xi_{1}\right)$ and $f^{\prime}\left(x_{0}\right)=\frac{f\left(x_{0}\right)-f\left(x_{0}-h\right)}{h}+\frac{h}{2} f^{\prime \prime}\left(\xi_{2}\right)$ to determine each missing entry in the following table:

| $x$ | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(x)$ | 0.4794 | 0.5646 | 0.6442 |
| $f^{\prime}(x)$ | $?$ | $?$ | $?$ |

Fill in the blanks.
(a) $f^{\prime}(0.5) \simeq$ $\qquad$ (b) $f^{\prime}(0.6) \simeq$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c) $f^{\prime}(0.7) \simeq$ $\qquad$ .

Show your work for the solution of problem 1 in the space provided below.
2. Using the following table of values of $f(x)$, estimate $f^{\prime}(2.0)$ with five-point midpoint formula

| $x$ | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(x)$ | 10.889 | 12.703 | 14.778 | 17.148 | 19.855 |

Fill in the blank: $f^{\prime}(2.0) \simeq$ $\qquad$ . (3 marks)

Show your work for the solution of problem 2 in the space provided below.
3. Use the following five-point end point formula
$f^{\prime}\left(x_{0}\right)=\frac{1}{12 h}\left[-25 f\left(x_{0}\right)+48 f\left(x_{0}+h\right)-36 f\left(x_{0}+2 h\right)+16 f\left(x_{0}+3 h\right)-3 f\left(x_{0}+4 h\right)\right]+$ $\frac{h^{4}}{5} f^{(5)}(\xi)$ where $x_{0}<\xi<x_{0}+4 h$, determine $f^{\prime}(1.8)$, taking $h=0.1$ from the following table of values of $f(x)$.

| $x$ | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(x)$ | 10.889 | 12.703 | 14.778 | 17.148 | 19.855 |

Fill in the blank:
$f^{\prime}(1.8) \simeq$ $\qquad$ (3 marks)

Show your work for the solution of problem 3 in the space provided below.
4. Use the most accurate three-point formula to determine each missing entry in the folowing table:

| $x$ | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(x)$ | 9.025 | 11.023 | 13.463 | 16.444 |
| $f^{\prime}(x)$ | $?$ | $?$ | $?$ | $?$ |.

Fill in the blanks:
(a) $f^{\prime}(1.1) \simeq$ $\qquad$ (b) $f^{\prime}(1.2) \simeq$ $\qquad$
(c) $f^{\prime}(1.3) \simeq$ $\qquad$ (d) $f^{\prime}(1.4) \simeq$ $\qquad$ (8 marks)

Show your work for the solution of problem 4 in the space provided below.
5. A differential rule of the form $f^{\prime}\left(x_{0}\right)=\alpha_{0} f_{0}+\alpha_{1} f_{1}+\alpha_{2} f_{2}$, where $x_{1}=x_{0}+k h$, $k=0,1,2$ and $f_{k}=f\left(x_{k}\right), k=0,1,2$ is given. Find the values of $\alpha_{0}, \alpha_{1}$ and $\alpha_{2}$ so that the rule is exact for polynomials of degree $\leq 2$. Find the error.
Fill in the blanks:
(a) $\alpha_{0}=$ $\qquad$ (b) $\alpha_{1}=$ $\qquad$ (c) $\alpha_{2}=$
(d) If the error term is given by $C h^{\alpha} f_{0}^{(\beta)}(\xi)$, then
$|C|=$ $\qquad$ $\alpha=$ $\qquad$ , $\beta=$ $\qquad$
(e) $f^{\prime}\left(x_{0}\right)=$ $\qquad$ .
$\qquad$

Show your work for the solution of problem 5 in the space provided below.

